

**SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR**  
(AUTONOMOUS)

**B.Tech III Year II Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations June-2025**  
**HYDROLOGY AND WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING**

(Civil Engineering)

**Time: 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 60**

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

**UNIT-I**

- 1 Explain the components of hydrological cycle with the help of a sketch. CO1 L2 12M

**OR**

- 2 a Compute the weekly evaporation from a reservoir using the water-budget method from the following data recorded during the week. CO1 L1 6M

Average inflow into the reservoir is  $32.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ , average out flow from the reservoir is  $40.2 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ , average water spread area is  $15.8 \text{ km}^2$ , storage at the beginning of the week is 9180ha-m and storage at the end of the week is 8360ha-m.

- b What do you mean by Hydrograph and Unit hydrograph? CO1 L3 6M

**UNIT-II**

- 3 Explain the necessity and importance of Irrigation. CO2 L2 12M

**OR**

- 4 a Enumerate in detail about factor affecting duty of irrigation water. CO2 L1 6M

- b Explain in detail about the methods of improving duty. CO2 L2 6M

**UNIT-III**

- 5 Explain any five irrigation efficiencies. CO3 L2 12M

**OR**

- 6 A field of 4 hectares has an average root zone depth of 1.0m, a field capacity of 18% (both by weight). Assume that it is desirable to irrigate when 60% of available moisture has been extracted. The field is irrigated by a sprinkler system which delivers  $300 \text{ m}^3/\text{hour}$  over a period of 12 hours. What is water application efficiency? Density of soil is  $1400 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . CO3 L3 12M

**UNIT-IV**

- 7 Explain about cross drainage work and its types. CO5 L2 12M

**OR**

- 8 A compressible layer is expected to have total settlement of 15 cm under a given loading. It settles by 3 cm at the end of two months after the application of load increment? How many months will be required to reach a settlement of 7.5 cm? What is the settlement in 18 months? The layer has double drainage. CO5 L3 12M

**UNIT-V**

- 9 Classify the various types of dams according to use in detail with sketches. CO6 L2 12M

**OR**

- 10 A masonry dam 6 m high and 1.5 m wide at the top and 4.5 m wide at the bottom, with vertical face. Determine the normal stresses at the toe and heel for reservoir empty and reservoir full conditions. Take  $p=2.4$  and  $c=1$ . CO6 L3 12M

\*\*\* END \*\*\*